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DVP06XA-H

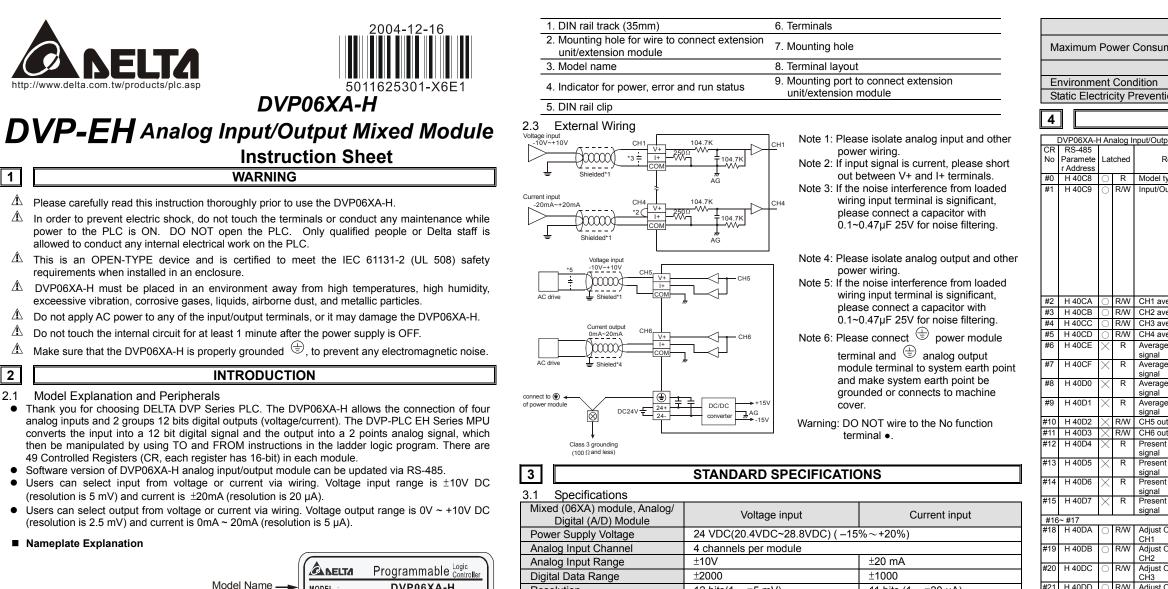
Instruction Sheet

WARNING

A Please carefully read this instruction thoroughly prior to use the DVP06XA-H

allowed to conduct any internal electrical work on the PLC.

requirements when installed in an enclosure.



- 2.1 Model Explanation and Peripherals
- Thank you for choosing DELTA DVP Series PLC. The DVP06XA-H allows the connection of four analog inputs and 2 groups 12 bits digital outputs (voltage/current). The DVP-PLC EH Series MPU converts the input into a 12 bit digital signal and the output into a 2 points analog signal, which then be manipulated by using TO and FROM instructions in the ladder logic program. There are 49 Controlled Registers (CR, each register has 16-bit) in each module.

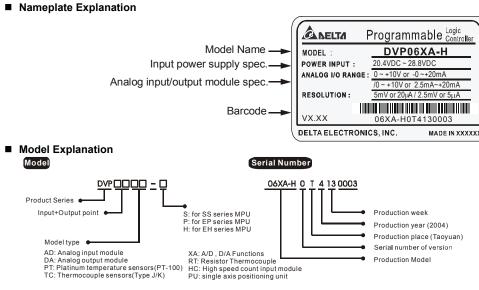
INTRODUCTION

Software version of DVP06XA-H analog input/output module can be updated via RS-485.

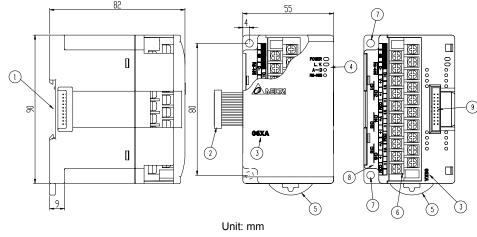
exceessive vibration, corrosive gases, liquids, airborne dust, and metallic particles.

A Do not touch the internal circuit for at least 1 minute after the power supply is OFF.

- Users can select input from voltage or current via wiring. Voltage input range is ±10V DC (resolution is 5 mV) and current is ±20mA (resolution is 20 µA).
- Users can select output from voltage or current via wiring. Voltage output range is 0V ~ +10V DC (resolution is 2.5 mV) and current is 0mA ~ 20mA (resolution is 5 µA).







Digital (70D) Module					
Power Supply Voltage	24 VDC(20.4VDC~28.8VDC) (-15	#18	H 40DA	$^{\circ}$	
Analog Input Channel	4 channels per module	#19	H 40DB	0	
Analog Input Range	±10V	±20 mA	#20	H 40DC	0
Digital Data Range	±2000	±1000	#20		0
Resolution	12 bits(1 _{LSB} =5 mV)	11 bits (1 _{LSB} =20 μA)	#21	H 40DD	0
Input Impedance	200 K Ω and above	250 Ω	#22	H 40DE	0
	±0.5% of full scale of 25°C(77°F)	•	#23		
Overall Accuracy	±1% of full scale during 0~55°C (3	2~131°F)	#23		0
Response Time	3 ms × channels		#24		0
Isolation Method	Isolation between digital and analo	g circuitry.	#25 #26	-	0
Absolution Input Range	±15 V	±32 mÅ	#20	-	0
Digital Data Format	2's complement of 16-bit, (13 Signi	ficant Bits)	#28		Õ
Average Function	Yes (CR#2~CR#5 can be set and t	#29	H 40E5	0	
Self diagnostic function Self		0		H 40E6	\times
Detection	Upper bound and lower bound dete	ection per channel	#31	H 40E7	$^{\circ}$
Mixed (06XA) module,	Valtara Output	Current Output	#32	H 40E8	0
Digital/Analog (D/A) Module	Voltage Output	Current Output			Ŭ
Analog Signal Output Channels	2 channel per module				
Analog Output Range	0~10V				
Digital Data Range	0~4000				
Resolution	12 bits (1 _{LSB} =2.5 mV)				
Output Impedance	0.5Ω or lower				
Overall Accuracy	$\pm 0.5\%$ of full scale of $25^{\circ}C(77^{\circ}F)$	#33	H 40E9	$^{\circ}$	
Overall Accuracy	$\pm 1\%$ of full scale during 0~55°C (32				
Response Time	3 ms \times Channels				
Max. Output Current	20mA (1KΩ~2MΩ) –				
Tolerance Carried Impedance	_	0~500 Ω			
Digital Data Format	2's complement of 16-bit, (13 Signi	ficant Bits)			
Isolation Method	Isolation between inner circuit and				
	no isolation between channels.				
Protection	Voltage output has short circuit pro				
	circuit may cause internal wire dam				
	MODBUS ASCII/RTU Mode. Con		H 40EA	\bigcirc	
	9600 / 19200 / 38400 / 57600 /	#3	5~#48) me	
Communication mode (RS-485)	format is 7Bits, even, 1 stop bit (7 I			$\langle me$	
	is 8Bits, even, 1 stop bit (8 E 1)			R	mea
	DVP06XA-H is connected in series	WITH MIPU.	-		/ me
	When DVP06XA-H modules are				SB (I . Volt
Connect to DVP-PLC MPU in	modules are numbered from 0 -	Evi	planation		
series	furthest to the MPU. 8 modules is t				
	any digital I/O points of the MPU.		1.	CR#0:	In

 R Thear bear data by damp inform instruction or RS-485.
LSB (Least Significant Bit): 1. Voltage input: 1_{LSB}=10V/2000=25mV. 2. Current input: 1_{LSB}=20mA/1000=20µA.
1. Voltage output: 1_{LSB}=10V/4000=2.5mV. 2. Current output: 1_{LSB}=20mA/4000=5µA. Explanation: 1. CR#0: The PLC model type.

3.2 Other Specification

Power Specification								
wer Consumption 2W at 24 VDC (20.4VDC~28.8VDC) (-15 % ~ +20%) supply from								
Environment Condition								
Can								
Condition Follow the DVP-PLC MPU city Prevention All places between terminals and ground comply with the spec.								
City I								
	CR(Controlled Register)							
nalog l	nput/Output Mixed Module	Explanation						
itched		b15 b14 b13 b12 b11 b10 b9 b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0						
liched	Register Name	b15 b14 b13 b12 b11 b10 b9 b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b5 b2 b1 b0						
R R/W	Model type Input/Output mode setting	System used. DVP06XA-H model code= H0604 CH6 CH5 CH4 CH3 CH2 CH1						
F\/ VV	input/Output mode setting	Input mode setting: (CH1~CH4)						
		Mode 0: input voltage mode (-10V~+10V). Factory Setting is H0000. Mode 1: input voltage mode (-6V~+10V).						
		Mode 2: input current mode (-12mA~+20mA).						
		Mode 3: input current mode (-20mA~+20mA). Mode 4: none use.						
		Output mode setting: (CH5~CH6) Mode 0: output voltage mode (0V~10V).						
		Mode 1: output voltage mode (2V~10V).						
		Mode 2: output current mode (4mA~20mA). Mode 3: output current mode (0mA~20mA).						
R/W R/W	CH1 average number	Number piece of readings used for the selected.						
R/W	CH2 average number CH3 average number	Number piece of readings used for the calculation of "average" on channels CH1~CH4. Setting range is K1~K4096 and factory setting is K10.						
R/W	CH4 average number							
R	Average value of CH1 input signal							
R	Average value of CH2 input signal							
R	Average value of CH3 input	Display average value of CH1~CH4 input signal						
R	signal Average value of CH4 input							
	signal							
R/W R/W	CH5 output signal value CH6 output signal value	Output value of CH5~CH6, the setting range is K0~K4000. The factory setting is K0 and the unit is LSB.						
R	Present value of CH1 input							
R	signal Present value of CH2 input							
R	signal Present value of CH3 input	Display the present value of CH1~CH4 input signal						
	signal							
R	Present value of CH4 input signal							
R/W	Adjust OFFSET value of	Reserved						
	CH1							
R/W	Adjust OFFSET value of CH2	Offset setting of CH1~CH4. Factory setting is K0 and unit is LSB. Voltage input: setting range is K-1000 ~K1000						
R/W	Adjust OFFSET value of CH3	Current input: setting range is K-1000 ~K1000						
R/W	Adjust OFFSET value of							
R/W	CH4 Adjust OFFSET value of							
R/W	CH5 Adjust OFFSET value of	Offset setting of CH5~CH6. Factory setting is K0 and unit is LSB. The setting range is K-2000~K2000						
	CH6							
R/W R/W	Adjust GAIN value of CH1 Adjust GAIN value of CH2	GAIN setting of CH1~CH4. Factory setting is K1000 and unit is LSB.						
R/W	Adjust GAIN value of CH3	Voltage input: setting range is K-800 ~K4000 Current input: setting range is K-800 ~K2600						
R/W R/W	Adjust GAIN value of CH4 Adjust GAIN value of CH5							
R/W	Adjust GAIN value of CH5 Adjust GAIN value of CH6	GAIN setting of CH5~CH6. Factory setting is K2000 and unit is LSB. The setting range is K-1600~K8000						
R	Error status	Data register stores the error status. Refer to the fault code chart for details.						
R/W	Communication address setting	RS-485 communication address. Setting range is K1~K255 and factory setting is K1						
R/W	Communication baud rate setting	Communication baud rate (4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 and 115200 bps). For ASCII mode, date format is 7Bits, even, 1 stop bit (7 E 1). For RTU mode,						
1	soung	date format is 8Bits, even, 1 stop bit (8 E 1).						
		b0: 4800 bps (bit/sec). b1: 9600 bps (bit/sec). (factory setting) b2: 19200 bps (bit/sec). b3: 38400 bps (bit/sec). b3: 38400 bps (bit/sec).						
		b4: 57600 bps (bit/sec). b5: 115200 bps (bit/sec). b6~b13: Reserved.						
		b14: switch between low bit and high bit of CRC code (RTU mode only)						
R/W	Reset to factory setting and	b15: RTU mode. b15 b14 b13 b12 b11 b10 b9 b8 b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 b2 b1 b0						
	set characteristics	CH6 CH5 CH4 CH3 CH2 CH1						
	adjustable priority	Example: Setting of CH1 1. When b0=0, user can set OFFSET and GAIN value of CH1 (CR#18,						
		CR#24). When b0=1, inhibit user to adjust OFFSET and GAIN value of CH1 (CR#18, CR#24).						
		2. b1 means if characteristic register is latched. b1=0 (factory setting, latched),						
		b1=1 (not latched).3. b2: Set to 1 and PLC will be reset to factory settings.						
		The setting of CH5~CH6, give CH5 setting for example: b13, b12:						
		00: can be adjusted, latched.						
1		01: can be adjusted, non-latched. 10: inhibit adjust.						
R	Software version	11: reset to factory settings and clear b12, b13 to 0. Display software version in hexadecimal. Example: H 010A = version 1.0A.						
	System used							
	atched.							

atche

imes means non-latched

System means latched.

140D

1 40D6

H 40D7

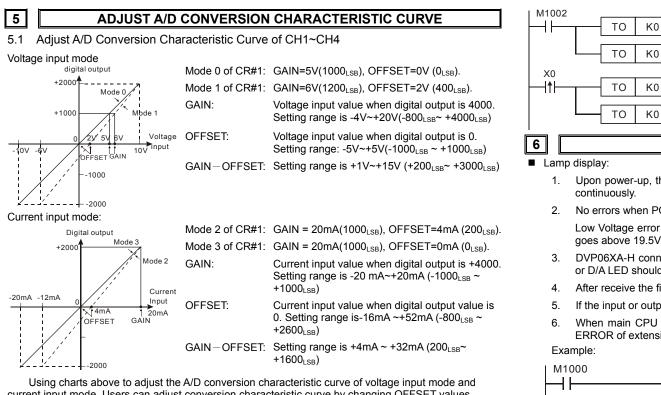
R means read data by using FROM instruction or RS-485.

- 2. CR#1: b11~b0 are used to set 4 internal channels working mode of analog input module (AD). b12~b15 are used to set 2 channels working mode of analog output module (DA). Every channel has four modes that can be set individually. For example: if setting CH1 to mode 0 (b2~b0=000), CH2 to mode 1(b5~b3=001), CH3: mode2 (b8~b6=010), CH4: mode 3(b11~b9=011), means set b0~b11 to H688. If setting CH5: mode 2 (b13~b12=10), CH6: mode 1 (b15~b14=01), means set b12~b15 to H5. The factory setting is H0000.
- CR#2 ~ CR#5: Used to set the number of input readings be used for the calculation of average 3. temperature. The available range is K1~K4096 and factory setting is K10.
- CR#6 to CR#9: The average temperature (°C). The average temperature is calculated by using 4 multiple temperature readings. Example: If CR#2 is 10, the temperature in CR#6 will be the average of last 10 readings on CH1.
- CR#10 ~ CR#11 are used to set the output value of CH5 and CH6. The setting range is 5. K0~K4000. The factory setting is K0 and unit is LSB.
- 6 CR#12 ~ CR#15: are used to save the present value of input signal of CH1~CH4.
- 7 CR#16, CR#17, CR#28, CR#29 are reserved.
- CR #18~ CR #21: content is the value to adjust the OFFSET of CH1~CH4 if analog input either 8. in voltage or in current is 0 after convert from analog to digital. Voltage setting range: -5V~+5V(-1000LSB~+1000LSB). Current setting range: -20mA~+20mA (-1000LSB~+1000LSB).
- CR #22~ CR #23: content is the value to adjust the OFFSET of CH5~CH6 if analog input either in voltage or in current is 0 after convert from analog to digital. The factory setting is K0 and the unit is LSB. The setting range is -2000~+2000. Voltage setting range: -5V~+5V(-2000LSB~+2000LSB). Current setting range: -10mA~+10mA (-2000LSB~+2000LSB).
- 10. CR #24~ CR #27: The value to adjust GAIN of CH1~CH4. This analog input value either in voltage or in current after convert from analog signal to digital is 4000. Voltage setting range: -4V~+20V(-800LSB~+4000LSB). Current setting range: -16mA~+52mA (-800LSB ~+2600LSB). Please be noticed that GAIN VALUE - OFFSET VALUE = +200LSB~+3000LSB (voltage) or +200LSB~+1600LSB (current). If the value difference comes up small (within range), the output signal resolution is then slim and the variation is definitely larger. On the contrast, if the value difference exceeds the range, the output signal resolution becomes larger and the variation is definitely smaller.
- 11. CR #28~ CR #29: The value to adjust GAIN value of CH5~CH6. This analog input value either in voltage or in current after convert from analog signal to digital is 2000. Voltage setting range: -4V~+20V(-1600LSB~+8000LSB). Current setting range: -8mA ~+40mA (-1600LSB~+8000LSB). Please be noticed that GAIN VALUE - OFFSET VALUE = +400LSB ~+6000LSB either voltage or current. If the value difference comes up small (within range), the output signal resolution is then slim and the variation is definitely larger. On the contrast, if the value difference exceeds the range, the output signal resolution becomes larger and the variation is definitely smaller.
- 12. CR#30 is the fault code. Please refer to the chart below.

Fault description	Content	b15~b8	B7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
Power source abnormal	K1(H1)		0	0	0	0	0	0	^	4
(Low voltage alarm)			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
User setting D/A output exceeds range	K2(H2)		0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Setting mode error	K4(H4)		0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Offset/Gain error	K8(H8)	Reserved	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Hardware malfunction	K16(H10)		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Digital range error	K32(H20)		0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Average times setting error	K64(H40)		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Instruction error	K128(H80)		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Note: Each fault code has the corresponding bit (b0~b7). Two or more faults may happen at the										

same time. 0 means normal and 1 means fault happened.

- 13. CR#31: RS-485 communication address. Setting range is 01~255 and factory setting is K1
- 14. CR#32: RS-485 communication baud rate: 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 and 115200. b0:4800bps, b1:9600bps (factory setting), b2:19200bps, b3:38400 bps, b4:57600 bps, b5:115200 bps, b6~b13: Reserved, b14: switch between low bit and high bit of CRC code (only for RTU mode) b15: either ASCII or RTU mode. For ASCII mode, date format is 7Bits, even, 1 stop bit (7 E 1), while RTU mode is 8Bits, even, 1 stop bit (8 E 1).
- 15. CR#33 is used to set the internal function priority, such as characteristic register. Output latched function will save output setting in the internal memory before power loss.
- 16. CR#34: software version.
- 17. CR#35~ CR#48: system used.
- 18. The corresponding parameters address H 40C8~H 40F9 of CR#0~CR#48 are provided for user to read/write data via RS-485
 - Baud rate can be 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200bps.
 - Β. MODBUS communication protocol either ASCII or RTU mode. For ASCII mode, date format is 7Bits, even, 1 stop bit (7 E 1), while RTU mode is 8Bits, even, 1 stop bit (8 E 1).
 - C. Function code: 03H read data from register.
 - 06H write one WORD to register.
 - 10H write multiple WORD to registers.



Mode 0 of CR#1: GAIN = $5V(2000_{LSB})$, OFFSET=0V (0_{LSB})

Mode 1 of CR#1: GAIN = 6V(2400_{LSB}), OFFSET=2V (800_{LSB}).

GAIN-OFFSET: Setting range is $+1V \rightarrow +15V(+400_{LSB} \rightarrow +6000_{LSB})$

Mode 2 of CR#1: GAIN = 12mA(2400LSB).OFFSET=4mA (800LSB).

Mode 3 of CR#1: GAIN = 10mA(2000_{LSB}), OFFSET=0mA (0_{LSB}).

range

~+8000_{LSB}).

~+2000_{LSB}).

~+6000_{LSB})

Voltage output value when digital input is K2000.

Setting range is -4V~+20V(-1600_{LSB} ~+8000_{LSB}).

Voltage output value when digital input is K0.

Setting range: -5V~+5V(-2000_{LSB} ~ +2000_{LSB}).

Current output value when digital input value is

K2000. Setting range is -8mA ~+40mA (-1600_{LSB}

Current output value when digital input is K0.

+2mA~+30mA(+400_{LSB}

is

current input mode. Users can adjust conversion characteristic curve by changing OFFSET values (CR#18~CR#21) and GAIN values (CR#24~CR#27) depend on application.

LSB (Least Significant Bit): 1. voltage input: 1LSB=10V/2000=5mV. 2. current input: 1_{LSB}=20mA/1000= 20µA.

GAIN

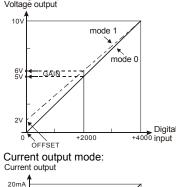
GAIN:

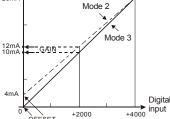
OFFSET:

OFFSFT

5.2 Adjust D/A Conversion Characteristic Curve of CH5~CH6

Voltage output mode





OFFOFT Using charts above to adjust the D/A conversion characteristic curve of voltage output mode and current output mode. Users can adjust conversion characteristic curve by changing OFFSET values (CR#14~CR#15) and GAIN values (CR#18~CR#19) depend on application.

GAIN-OFFSET: Setting

LSB (Least Significant Bit): 1. voltage output: 1_{LSB}=10V/4000=2.5mV. 2. current output: 1_{LSB}=20mA/4000=5µA.

5.3 Program Example for Adjusting A/D Conversion Characteristics Curve

Example: setting OFFSET value of CH1 to 0V(=K0_{LSB}) and GAIN value of CH1 to 2.5V(=K500_{LSB}).

- M1002 ΤО K0 K1 H0 K1 ΤО K0 K33 H0 K1 X0 то K0 K18 K0 K1 -**|**↑| ТО K0 K24 K500 K1
 - Writing H0 to b0~b2 of CR#1 of analog input/output module #0 and set CH1 to mode 0 (voltage input -10V~+10V)
 - Writing H0 to b0~b2 of CR#33 to adjust the characters of CH1
 - When X0 switches from Off to On, KO_{LSB} of OFFSET value will be written to CR#18 and K500_{LSB} of GAIN value will be written to CR#24

5.4 Program Example for Adjusting D/A Conversion Characteristics Curve

Example: setting OFFSET value of CH5 to 0V(=K0LSB) and GAIN value of CH1 to 2.5V(=K1000LSB).

- Explanation:
- Setting range is -10mA ~+10mA (-2000_{LSB}

 - •
 - when its value reaches K4000.
 - CH5~CH6 will vary with D100 and D101.

M1013 -|↑|-= K4000 D100 = K4000 D101 = H0604 D0

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				. •	Writing H3000 to b12~b15 of CR#1 of analog
0	K1	H3000	K1		input/output module#0. Setting CH5 to mode
	-			-	3 (current output 0mA~ +20mA).
0	K33	H0	K1	•	Writing H0 to b12~b15 of CR#33 and allow
					CH5, CH6 to adjust characteristics.
(0	K22	K0	K1	•	When X0 switches from Off to On, $\mathrm{K0}_{\mathrm{LSB}}$ of
					OFFSET value will be written to CR#22 and
0	K28	K1000	K1		K1000 _{LSB} of GAIN value K1000 _{LSB} will be written to CR#28.
				-	WILLEH LO CR#20.
		ΙΝΙΤ	TIAL F	PLC S	START-UP

1. Upon power-up, the ERROR LED will light for 0.5 seconds and the POWER LED will light

2. No errors when POWER LED on and ERROR LED off.

Low Voltage error (below 19.5V), ERROR LED will blink continuously till the power supply

DVP06XA-H connects to PLC MPU in series = RUN LED on MPU will be lit and A/D LED or D/A LED should blink.

After receive the first RS-485 instruction, the A/D LED or D/A LED will blink.

If the input or output exceeds the upper or lower bounds, the ERROR LED will blink.

When main CPU and extension unit communication time-out or abnormal interrupt, LED ERROR of extension unit will keep lighting on.

	FROM	К0	K0	D0	K1
	INC	D100			
	ADD	D101	K5	D101	
	RST	D100			
	RST	D101			
M1002	ТО	K0	K1	H8010	K1
	ТО	K0	K2	K32	K2
	FROM	K0	K6	D20	K4
	ТО	K0	K10	D100	K2
	- END]			

Read the model type of extension module K0 (should be H0604 for DVP06XA-H model type).

If the model type is DVP06XA-H, set the input mode (CH1, CH3, CH4)= mode 0, (CH2)= mode 2, and set the output mode is (CH5)=mode 0, (CH6)=mode 2.

Set the average times of CH1 and CH2 to K32.

Read the input signal average value of CH1~CH4 (4 data) from CR#6~CR#9 and save to D20~D23.

Every second, D100 will increase K1 and D101 will increase K5. D100 and D101 will be cleared to 0

Write the output setting value of D100 and D101 to CR#10 and CR#11. The analog output value of